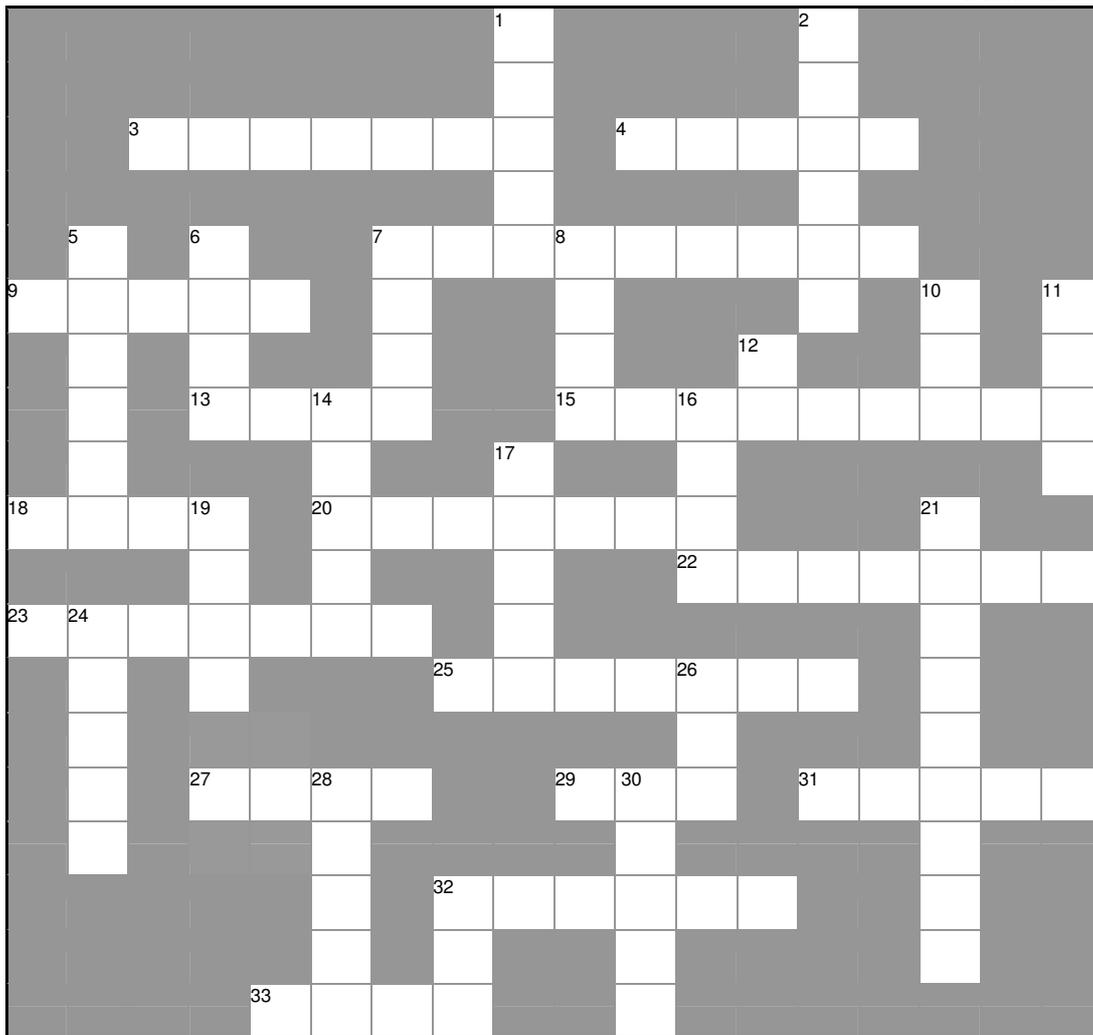


CFS FIRE SAFETY CROSSWORD



Government of South Australia



DOWN

1. These are useful to squirt water at little fires and to wet down the outside of your home: _____
2. Most – but not all – bushfires happen in the _____ season
5. Knowing tomorrow's Fire _____ Rating can help you decide whether to enact your Bushfire Survival Plan
6. All members of your family can _____ to prepare your Home Fire Escape and Bushfire Survival plans
7. Curtains and clothes can _____ if they are too close to a heater
8. The most dangerous part of a bushfire isn't the flames, but the part that travels in front called radiant _____
10. You should know at least _____ ways out of every room
11. The fire triangle is made up of oxygen, heat and _____
12. Fire safety starts with _____
14. Every home should have a smoke _____
16. You can prevent the _____ of valuable items by packing them in your relocation kit and taking them away on high fire danger days
17. If there's _____, you should get down low and go go go.
19. It is important to _____ Emergency Kits for during and after a bushfire
21. There might not be a _____ at your home during a bushfire, because they could be fighting the fire somewhere else
24. _____ person in your family should know your Bushfire Survival and Home Fire Escape Plans
26. A day of high fire risk is usually very _____ and dry
28. If you decide to _____ your home too late with a bushfire in your area, you could be in a lot of danger
30. You should crawl low _____ smoke
32. Fuel that is _____ is less likely to burn

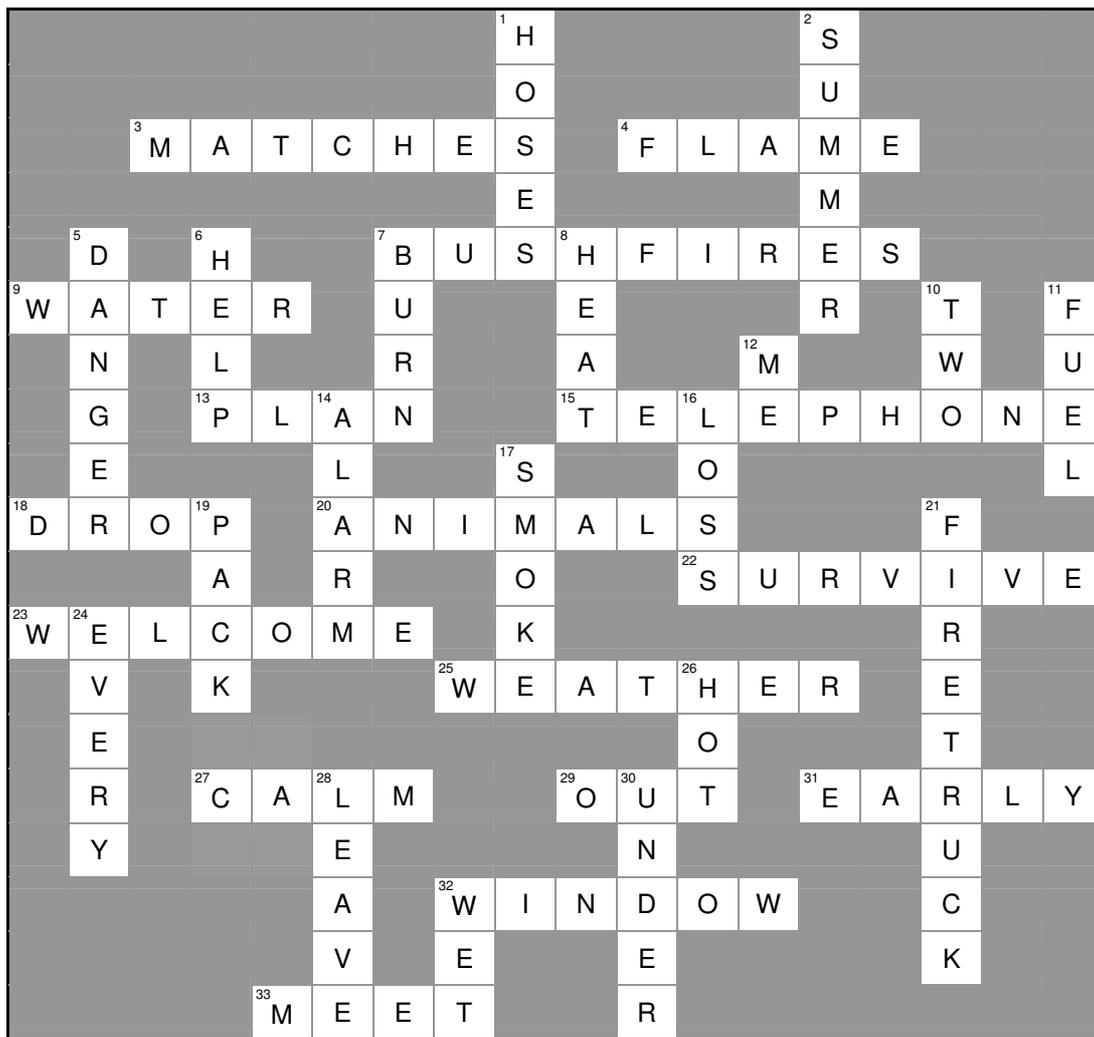
ACROSS

3. _____ are tools, not toys and you shouldn't play with them.
4. You might smell the smoke before you see the _____
7. _____ are one of the risks of living in Australia, but we can prepare our home and our family.
9. You should always put a campfire out with _____, not sand or dirt
13. You should make sure your family has a Bushfire Survival _____ and a Home Fire Escape _____
15. You can use the _____, the radio and the internet to find out more about a bushfire in your area
18. If your clothes catch fire, stop, cover, _____ and roll
20. Don't forget to plan for the safety of your pets and all _____
22. Being well prepared, with a written and practiced plan is the best way to _____
23. You are _____ to find out more information about home and bushfire safety by visiting the CFS and MFS websites
25. The _____ can affect how bad a fire danger day it will be.
27. It is important to stay _____ if there's a fire
29. If there's a fire in your house, you should get _____ and stay _____
31. If you plan to leave on a day of high fire danger, it's important to leave _____
32. The safest way out of a room may be through the _____
33. An important part of a Home Fire Escape Plan is knowing _____ where to _____

PREPARE. ACT. SURVIVE.



FIRE SAFETY CROSSWORD – ANSWERS



DOWN

1. These are useful to squirt water at little fires and to wet down the outside of your home: **HOSES**
2. Most – but not all – bushfires happen in the **SUMMER** season
5. Knowing tomorrow's Fire **DANGER** Rating can help you decide whether to enact your Bushfire Survival Plan
6. All members of your family can **HELP** to prepare your Home Fire Escape and Bushfire Survival plans
7. Curtains and clothes can **BURN** if they are too close to a heater
8. The most dangerous part of a bushfire isn't the flames, but the part that travels in front called radiant **HEAT**
10. You should know at least **TWO** ways out of every room
11. The fire triangle is made up of oxygen, heat and **FUEL**
12. Fire safety starts with **ME**
14. Every home should have a smoke **ALARM**
16. You can prevent the **LOSS** of valuable items by packing them in your relocation kit and taking them away on high fire danger days
17. If there's **SMOKE**, you should get down low and go go go.
19. It is important to **PACK** Emergency Kits for during and after a bushfire
21. There might not be a **FIRETRUCK** at your home during a bushfire, because they could be fighting the fire somewhere else
24. **EVERY** person in your family should know your Bushfire Survival and Home Fire Escape Plans
26. A day of high fire risk is usually very **HOT** and dry
28. If you decide to **LEAVE** your home too late with a bushfire in your area, you could be in a lot of danger
30. You should crawl low **UNDER** smoke
32. Fuel that is **WET** is less likely to burn

ACROSS

3. **MATCHES** are tools, not toys and you shouldn't play with them.
4. You might smell the smoke before you see the **FLAME**
7. **BUSHFIRES** are one of the risks of living in Australia, but we can prepare our home and our family.
9. You should always put a campfire out with **WATER**, not sand or dirt
13. You should make sure your family has a Bushfire Survival **PLAN** and a Home Fire Escape **PLAN**
15. You can use the **TELEPHONE**, the radio and the internet to find out more about a bushfire in your area
18. If your clothes catch fire, stop, cover, **DROP** and roll
20. Don't forget to plan for the safety of your pets and all **ANIMALS**
22. Being well prepared, with a written and practiced plan is the best way to **SURVIVE**
23. You are **WELCOME** to find out more information about home and bushfire safety by visiting the CFS and MFS websites
25. The **WEATHER** can affect how bad a fire danger day it will be.
27. It is important to stay **CALM** if there's a fire
29. If there's a fire in your house, you should get **OUT** and stay **OUT**
31. If you plan to leave on a day of high fire danger, it's important to leave **EARLY**
32. The safest way out of a room may be through the **WINDOW**
33. An important part of a Home Fire Escape Plan is knowing where to **MEET**

Check out the CFS website, with loads of useful information:
www.cfs.sa.gov.au